- (2) The registration is canceled at the written request of the holder of the certificate;
- (3) The aircraft is totally destroyed or scrapped;
- (4) Ownership of the aircraft is transferred;
- (5) The holder of the certificate loses his U.S. citizenship:
- (6) 30 days have elapsed since the death of the holder of the certificate;
- (7) The owner, if an individual who is not a citizen of the United States, loses status as a resident alien, unless that person becomes a citizen of the United States at the same time; or
- (8) If the owner is a corporation other than a corporation which is a citizen of the United States—
- (i) The corporation ceases to be lawfully organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any State thereof; or
- (ii) A period described in §47.9(b) ends and the aircraft was not based and primarily used in the United States during that period.
- (9) If the trustee in whose name the aircraft is registered—
  - (i) Loses U.S. citizenship;
- (ii) Loses status as a resident alien and does not become a citizen of the United States at the same time; or
- (iii) In any manner ceases to act as trustee and is not immediately replaced by another who meets the requirements of §47.7(c).
- (b) The Certificate of Aircraft Registration, with the reverse side completed, must be returned to the FAA Aircraft Registry—
- (1) Within 21 days in the case of registration under the laws of a foreign country, by the person who was the owner of the aircraft before foreign registration;
- (2) Within 60 days after the death of the holder of the certificate, by the administrator or executor of his estate, or by his heir-at-law if no administrator or executor has been or is to be appointed; or
- (3) Within 21 days of the termination of the registration, by the holder of the Certificate of Aircraft Registration in

all other cases mentioned in paragraph (a) of this section.

[Doc. No. 7190, 31 FR 4495, Mar. 17, 1966; 31 FR 5483, Apr. 7, 1966, as amended by Amdt. 47–20, 44 FR 61940, Oct. 29, 1979; Amdt. 47–28, 73 FR 10667, Feb. 28, 2008]

#### §47.43 Invalid registration.

- (a) The registration of an aircraft is invalid if, at the time it is made—
- (1) The aircraft is registered in a foreign country;
  - (2) The applicant is not the owner;
- (3) The applicant is not qualified to submit an application under this part; or
- (4) The interest of the applicant in the aircraft was created by a transaction that was not entered into in good faith, but rather was made to avoid (with or without the owner's knowledge) compliance with 49 U.S.C. 44101–44104.
- (b) If the registration of an aircraft is invalid under paragraph (a) of this section, the holder of the invalid Certificate of Aircraft Registration shall return it as soon as possible to the FAA Aircraft Registry.

[Doc. No. 7190, 31 FR 4495, Mar. 17, 1966; 31 FR 5483, Apr. 7, 1966, as amended by Amdt. 47–20, 44 FR 61940, Oct. 29, 1979; Amdt. 47–27, 70 FR 245, Jan. 3, 2005]

### §47.45 Change of address.

Within 30 days after any change in his permanent mailing address, the holder of a Certificate of Aircraft Registration for an aircraft shall notify the FAA Aircraft Registry of his new address. A revised Certificate of Aircraft Registration is then issued, without charge.

# § 47.47 Cancellation of Certificate for export purpose.

- (a) The holder of a Certificate of Aircraft Registration or the holder of an irrevocable deregistration and export request authorization recognized under the Cape Town Treaty and filed with FAA who wishes to cancel the Certificate for the purpose of export must submit to the FAA Aircraft Registry—
- (1) A written request for cancellation of the Certificate describing the aircraft by make, model, and serial number, stating the U.S. identification

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number and the country to which the aircraft will be exported;

- (2)(i) For an aircraft not subject to the Cape Town Treaty, evidence satisfactory to the FAA that each holder of a recorded right has been satisfied or has consented to the transfer; or
- (ii) For an aircraft subject to the Cape Town Treaty, evidence satisfactory to the FAA that each holder of a recorded right established prior to the date the Treaty entered into force with respect to the United States has been satisfied or has consented to the transfer; and
- (3) A written certification that all registered interests ranking in priority to that of the requestor have been discharged or that the holders of such interests have consented to the cancellation for export purposes.
- (b) If the aircraft is subject to the Cape Town Treaty and an irrevocable deregistration and export request authorization has been filed with the FAA Aircraft Registry, the FAA Registry will honor a request for cancellation only if an authorized party makes the request.
- (c) The FAA Aircraft Registry notifies the country to which the aircraft is to be exported of the cancellation.

[Amdt. 47–27, 70 FR 245, Jan. 3, 2005]

#### § 47.49 Replacement of Certificate.

- (a) If a Certificate of Aircraft Registration is lost, stolen, or mutilated, the holder of the Certificate of Aircraft Registration may apply to the FAA Aircraft Registry for a duplicate certificate, accompanying his application with the fee required by §47.17.
- (b) If the holder has applied and has paid the fee for a duplicate Certificate of Aircraft Registration and needs to operate his aircraft before receiving it, he may request a temporary certificate. The FAA Aircraft Registry issues a temporary certificate, by a collect telegram, to be carried in the aircraft. This temporary certificate is valid until he receives the duplicate Certicate of Aircraft Registration.

## § 47.51 Triennial aircraft registration report.

(a) Unless one of the registration activities listed in paragraph (b) of this section has occurred within the pre-

- ceding 36 calendar months, the holder of each Certificate of Aircraft Registration issued under this subpart shall submit, on the form provided by the FAA Aircraft Registry and in the manner described in paragraph (c) of this section, a Triennial Aircraft Registration Report, certifying—
- (1) The current identification number (registration mark) assigned to the aircraft:
- (2) The name and permanent mailing address of the certificate holder;
- (3) The name of the manufacturer of the aircraft and its model and serial number:
  - (4) Whether the certificate holder is—
  - (i) A citizen of the United States;
- (ii) An individual citizen of a foreign country who has lawfully been admitted for permanent residence in the United States; or
- (iii) A corporation (other than a corporation which is a citizen of the United States) lawfully organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any State thereof; and
- (5) Whether the aircraft is currently registered under the laws of any foreign country.
- (b) The FAA Aircraft Registry will forward a Triennial Aircraft Registration Report to each holder of a Certificate of Aircraft Registration whenever 36 months has expired since the latest of the following registration activities occurred with respect to the certificate holder's aircraft:
- (1) The submission of an Application for Aircraft Registration.
- (2) The submission of a report or statement required by § 47.9(f).
- (3) The filing of a notice of change of permanent mailing address.
- (4) The filing of an application for a duplicate Certificate of Aircraft Registration.
- (5) The filing of an application for a change of aircraft identification number.
- (6) The submission of an Aircraft Registration Eligibility, Identification, and Activity Report, Part 1, AC Form 8050–73, under former § 47.44.
- (7) The submission of a Triennial Aircraft Registration Report under this section.
- (c) The holder of the Certificate of Aircraft Registration shall return the